

# Saint Joseph's Primary School



# Teaching and Learning Policy

# Contents

## Introduction

### Section 1

Aims for Teaching and learning

### Section 2

1; Ethos

2; Equal Opportunities

### Section 3

#### MANAGEMENT OF STAFF AND RESOURCES

1; Management Structure

2; Classroom Management

3; Behaviour Management

4; Classroom Organisation

5; Learning resources

6; Monitoring and Evaluating

7; Differentiation

8; Record Keeping and Assessment

9; Screening

### Section 4

#### CREATING A LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

1; Teaching Strategies

2; Learning Process

3; Learning style

4; Planning for Learning

5; Characteristics of an Autonomous Learner

### Section 5

Role of;

1. Governors

2. Parents

3. Community

4. St. Joseph's Primary School

## **Introduction**

At St. Joseph's we believe in the concept of lifelong learning and in the idea that both adults and children learn something new every day. Learning and Teaching should be a rewarding and enjoyable experience for everyone. We aspire to equipping children with the skills, knowledge and understanding necessary to be able to make informed choices and solve problems in their everyday lives.

### **1. Aims for Learning and Teaching**

At St. Joseph's Primary School, we undertake to:

- To enable children to become confident, disciplined and enquiring learners.
- Raise levels of achievement for all pupils, enabling them to achieve their personal best.
- To empower children to make informed and responsible decisions throughout their lives.
- Foster a love of learning.
- Foster self-esteem and personal responsibility, linked to respect for the needs, feelings and cultures of others.
- Develop a learning environment for all stakeholders.
- Ensure equal opportunities in relation to gender, race, class, special needs and belief.
- Facilitate considerate and positive relationships between all members of the school community.

### **2:1 Ethos**

The catholic ethos and atmosphere in St. Joseph's, underpin the agreed aims of our school.

Teachers will provide a broad and balanced curriculum, which will develop the skills, concepts and knowledge necessary for future learning. In the course of their daily work, the staff will contribute to the development of this ethos by:

- Reflecting the catholic ethos in their beliefs and actions and teaching
- Respecting themselves, others, their property and the environment
- Being honest - in actions
- Modelling Catholic ethos - everyday
- Positive attitude -promoting positive thinking
- Working hard
- Taking pride in achievements

- Valuing everyone in school community
- Acknowledging - celebrating success
- Sense of belonging - loyalty
- Freedom to be oneself
- Developing thinking skills

## **2:2 Equal Opportunities**

All children at St. Joseph's Primary School must be given full access to the Northern Ireland Primary curriculum. Staff will endeavour to help all children to reach their full potential irrespective of race, gender, age or ability.

## **3: MANAGEMENT OF STAFF AND RESOURCES**

### **3:1 Management Structure** (ensuring effective Learning and Teaching)

- Management Teams within Curricular Areas and across Key Stages
- Structure of Leadership team
- Principal
- SENCO

### **3:2 Classroom Management**

The learning environment will be managed in such a way as to facilitate different styles of learning, with particular regard to Additional Needs (SEN):

- Whole-class teaching
- Group work, organised according to appropriate criteria (i.e. ability, mixed ability, interest, mixed and single gender, friendship groups)
- One-one teaching
- Collaborative learning in pairs or in groups
- Independent learning

All areas of the learning environment will be planned for, including, where appropriate, our new Outdoor Learning Areas, in order to ensure opportunities for a range of practical activities, which will develop appropriate skills, concept and knowledge.

Learning support assistants, learning support teachers, and external agencies will be employed to support children with Additional Needs, as outlined on their Individual Educational Plans.

### **3:3 BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT**

As outlined in St. Joseph's Positive Behaviour Policy, each class will display St. Joseph's School Rules and also an agreed set of class rules designed by individual classes.

### **3:4 Organisation**

The classroom will be organised to facilitate learning and the development of independence. This may require flexibility in the organisation of furniture and resources especially with our introduction of the Northern Ireland curriculum.

- The resources in each area will be grouped according to curriculum subject.
- Learning resources will be available for use at all times, and will be easily accessible.
- Book corners will be comfortable and attractive.
- All classes will use a Library.
- Labels and posters will reflect the ethos within the school.
- Pupils will be involved in the maintenance and care of all equipment and resources.
- Classroom will be organised to facilitate the effective use of Interactive Whiteboard, by children and adults.
- Being a Thinking School, there will be much emphasis visually on Thinking Skills in classrooms and around school

### **3:5 Learning Resources**

Each classroom will be equipped with a basic set of resources and books appropriate to the age range and need of the children. Specialist resources will be stored in the appropriate curriculum resource area and will be regularly audited by the curriculum coordinators.

Pupils will be taught how to use all resources correctly and safely, with care and respect; and with regard for health, safety waste. Care will be taken to ensure that all pupils will have equality of access.

Investigative, problem solving and research based tasks use the following resources:

- Books
- Practical equipment
- Interactive Whiteboard, Videos, cds, dvds
- Camcorder/Digital camera/Web cam
- Computer software
- Internet

- School grounds, our outdoor learning area and the local environment
- Visitors / Peers
- Thinking Maps and hats
- Classroom displays

### **3:6 Monitoring and Evaluation**

The Principal and/or Subject Co-ordinators will observe class teachers in a specified curricular area in relation to PRSD, agreed in advance. The procedures for the observations have been agreed on by all staff and are in agreement with the recommended procedures, suggested from Regional Training Unit (SEELB/EA). There is a need for schools to monitor and evaluate the teaching, learning and other processes, which contribute to enabling the pupils to achieve on a broad range of fronts.

A review of such processes will include:

- The quality of the pupils' participation in classroom work.
- The expectations held by the teachers, the pupils, learning support and their parents, and how these influence the nature and quality of teaching and learning in the school.
- The school's effectiveness in promoting pupils self-esteem and self-confidence.
- The degree to which learning strategies address the needs of individual pupils, particularly of the more able and the lower achievers.
- The nature, quality and effectiveness of marking procedures.
- The use made of homework as a means of reinforcing concepts and monitoring the quality of learning and teaching.
- The effectiveness with which independent learning is promoted in the school.
- The effectiveness of literacy and numeracy teaching across the curriculum.

- The use made of ICT to support teaching and learning across the curriculum.
- The extent to which the school engages with the parents in supporting their children's learning.
- Opportunity for children to evaluate their own work and assess own learning (AFL)
- The use of Thinking maps and hats to develop children's ability to think appropriately, make decisions and solve problems.

### **3:7 Differentiation**

Teachers will be differentiated by:

- Task
- Outcome
- Teacher/ adult support

Differentiated tasks will be detailed in half termly planners. Learning intentions will be specified for all differentiated teaching. Detailed reference will be made in planning for Individual Education Plans.

### **3:8 Record Keeping and Assessment**

Regular assessments are made of pupils work in order to establish the level of attainment, and to inform future planning. Record -keeping and assessment procedures are defined in our marking policy.

### **3:10 Screening**

Primary Four and Primary Six are assessed using CAT4 Intelligence tests.

All primary children in Primary Three to Seven are assessed in Literacy and Numeracy using Standardised PTE/PTM tests.

Primary One/Two are assessed using Wellcom, Phab 2 or Infant Bury Check. .

Primary Four and Seven are assessed using Standardised Assessment Units for Key Stages 1 and 2.

Primary 3-7 Group reading tests.

Information is collated from all tests, analysed and communicated to class teacher using Assessment Manager/CAT4/PTE/PTM Computer Software.

Children on Additional Needs Register, with difficulty in Reading are screened, twice yearly, careful analysis of strengths and weaknesses is made and feedback is provided to teachers to accelerate learning.

Identified children receive support from the learning support teacher in school.

## **4: CREATING A LEARNING ENVIRONMENT**

### **4:1 TEACHING STRATEGIES**

In order to ensure equality of access, and effective matching of tasks to needs, teachers will employ a variety of strategies:

- Development of close links between Nursery/Play Schools and Primary One
- Involvement of subject coordinators in the development of individual curricular areas, in order to ensure continuity and progression
- Teacher observation
- Dissemination of Reading Partnership/Intervention Strategies
- Discussion and questioning; (open and closed as appropriate)
- Reviewing work
- Listening
- Brain Storming
- Providing opportunities for reflection and self-evaluation by pupils
- Demonstrating high expectations
- Providing opportunities for repetition and reinforcement
- Providing encouragement, positive reinforcement and praise
- Making judgements and responding to individual needs
- Intervene, as appropriate, in the learning process in order to encourage development
- Use a range of communication strategies
- Provide all children with opportunities for success
- Celebrating children's work
- Physical exercises and Primary Movement
- Brain Gym/ Go Noodle
- Circle time/ PDMU
- Clear structure to all lessons, learning intentions and success criteria displayed in classroom
- Topic-based, cross-curricular teaching
- Educational visits
- Use of ICT and Interactive Whiteboard
- Assessment for learning and self-assessment
- Revisit previous learning
- Planning Boards - What do you know already...? What do you want to find out...? How will you find out...?
- Thinking maps to develop TSPC
- Outdoor Learning Area
- Target-setting

## □ Play/Activity-Based Learning

Teachers may use a range of above strategies in any one lesson: ensuring that there is provision for choice and that children have ownership of their learning.

Teachers, as far as is possible will relate to real-life situations, bring the real world into the context of the children's experiences.

### **4:2 Learning Processes**

Children enter school at different stages of development. Children learn in different ways and at different rates of progress.

In the course of learning children will develop their skills through a variety of processes. These include:

- Investigation
- Experimentation
- Listening
- Observation
- Talking and discussion
- Asking Questions
- Practical exploration and role play
- Retrieving information
- Imagining
- Repetition
- Problem-solving
- Empowering children to make choices and responsible decision-making
- Reflecting and Evaluating
- Thinking

At St. Joseph's opportunities are organised to allow pupils access to these processes, and for them to develop their own strategies to gain knowledge and skills.

### **4:3 Learning Styles**

Teachers will take into account the range of intelligences and learning preferences within the class:

Children learn in a variety of ways, and for this reason it is necessary to ensure that planning incorporates as many styles as possible.

These may include:

- Individual learning
- Collaborative learning in small groups, or in pairs
- One-one learning with an adult or on occasions with a „buddy“
- Whole class
- Independent learning

#### **4:4 PLANNING FOR LEARNING**

Teachers have agreed format for planning which takes into account the range of intelligences and the preferred learning styles of pupils. Planning will include following components of lesson

##### 1 Introduction

- Establish an appropriate learning environment
- Connect the learning to learning intentions
- Paint the big picture
- Agree success criteria

##### 2 Activity - link to range intelligences

Maths/logic Spiritual Naturalist  
Musical Emotional Linguistic  
Kinaesthetic Visual/spatial

##### 3 Plan for learners through:

Visual Auditory Kinaesthetic approaches

##### 4 Pupils demonstrate knowledge and understanding in a variety of ways

##### 5 Incorporate Thinking maps where appropriate

##### 6 Feedback - self and peer evaluation and celebrate success

##### 7 Review and reflection

#### **4:4 Characteristics of an Autonomous Learner**

Our children are continuously encouraged to have /to be:

- Know their own **self**- emotional/social, literacy, spiritually
- Self-motivated, have innate curiosity
- Flexible
- Persistent
- High self esteem
- Confident
- Articulate
- Independent - in thoughts, in actions
- Willing to make and learn from mistakes
- Investigative
- Show initiative
- Creative
- Responsible
- Able to make connections / see patterns
- Aware of progress, strengths, weakness and needs
- Reflective
- Happy - secure
- Risk taker
- Able to use a variety of intelligences and learning dispositions
- Able to demonstrate their learning in a variety of forms

#### **5:1 Role of Board of Governors**

It is the *Governors*’ role to monitor and review the policy and its’ practise through;

- Reporting to Principal and Teachers
- To receive reports from Principal
- To attend INSET
- To receive reports on relevant issues, in particular Health and Safety, and to follow up any relevant issues
- To promote and ensure at all times equal opportunities in relation to race, gender, class and belief
- To monitor the effectiveness of the schools teaching and learning resources - use of co-ordinator reports, annual principal report to governors and review of in-service training sessions attended by staff.

## **5:2 Role of Parents**

Parents are encouraged to support their children's learning by:

- Ensuring that their child comes to school feeling confident and positive
- Ensuring that their child arrives at school punctually and regularly
- Sharing with the teacher, any problems in school that the child is experiencing
- Supporting the child by attending meetings and open mornings
- Supporting the child and the teacher by becoming actively involved in the operation of Individual Education Plans or Additional Needs (SEN) Processes
- Ensuring that all contact names and addresses are correct and relevant
- Agreeing to support child's positive behaviour
- Agreeing to support school's Homework Policy
- Informing staff of any relevant matters at home which may affect the child's progress, happiness or behaviour
- Responding to letters sent home by school
- Attending medical, health reviews - completing Medical form annually

## **5:3 Role of Community**

□ The community is invited to support the school by:

- Presenting themselves as positive role models
- Supporting school events
- Voluntary help

## **5:4 Role of St. Joseph's Primary School**

In relation to each of the above areas, the school will reciprocate by:

- Responding to all offers of support as far as is possible
- Respecting all information given in confidence
- Giving clear information on the aims and objectives of the curriculum and school procedures
- Setting up curricular meetings
- Displaying School Development Plan and Schemes of work
- Working in partnership with parents to ensure the success of their child, and encouraging parental involvement in working out the way forward for their child's educational future.

## **Review**

This policy is a working document and is therefore open to change and restructuring as and when the need arises.

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To be reviewed yearly